S.R. BATLIBOI & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### To the Members of INDOSTAR CAPITAL FINANCE LIMITED

### **Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of IndoStar Capital Finance Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company"), its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") comprising of the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss and consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirement of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. While conducting the audit, we have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Holding Company's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Holding Company's Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.



### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group, as at March 31, 2017, their consolidated profit, and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements except as given in para g (iv) below;
- (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidation of the financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The consolidated Balance Sheet, consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the auditors who are appointed under Section 139 of the Act, of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group's companies, incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy and the operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, associate companies and jointly controlled companies incorporated in India, refer to our separate report in "Annexure 1" to this report;
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of the group - Refer Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements;
  - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses in long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India.

### S.R. BATLIBOI & CO. LLP

iv. The Holding Company, subsidiaries incorporated in India have provided disclosures in Note 29 in the consolidated financial statements as to the holding of Specified Bank Notes on November 8, 2016 and December 30, 2016 as well as dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from November 9, 2016 to December 30, 2016. Based on our audit procedures and relying on the management representation regarding to the holding and nature of cash transactions, including those in Specified Bank Notes, we report that these disclosures are in accordance with the books of accounts maintained by the Company and as produced to us by the management. However, as stated in note 29 in the financial statements, the borrowers of the Company have directly deposited cash in the Company's bank accounts and we report that we were not made available sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding denomination wise details of such deposits, details of which, as represented to us, are not available with the Company

For S.R. Batliboi & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Jayesh Gandhi Partner Membership Number: 037924 Place of Signature: Date: May 12, 2017



### S.R. BATLIBOI & CO. LLP

Chartered Accountants

### ANNEXURE 1 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDOSTAR CAPITAL FINANCE LIMTED

### Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of IndoStar Capital Finance Limited as of and for the year ended March 31, 2017, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of IndoStar Capital Finance Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiary companies, its associate companies and jointly controlled companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, its associate companies and jointly controlled companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

### Auditor's Responsibility

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Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, both, issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial

Chartered Accountants

statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, have, maintained in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S.R. Batliboi & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

**per Jayesh Gandhi** Partner Membership Number: 037924 Place of Signature: Mumbai Date:12 May 2017



### INDOSTAR CAPITAL FINANCE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2017

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
I. Equity and Liabilities			
(1) Shareholders' funds			
(a) Share capital	3	78,36,17,990	73,35,44,290
(b) Reserves and surplus	4	18,24,39,22,529	14,68,44,76,704
	1	19,02,75,40,519	15,41,80,20,994
(2) Non-current liabilities			
(a) Long-term borrowings	5	19,10,61,20,313	17,58,86,58,160
(b) Other Long term liabilities	6	7,23,70,201	10,26,78,687
(c) Long term provisions	7	26,94,81,205 19,44,79,71,719	14,61,39,655 17,83,74,76,502
		13,44,75,71,715	17,03,74,70,302
(3) Current liabilities		7 00 55 05 700	4 00 41 61 951
(a) Short-term borrowings	8	7,86,55,05,788	4,99,41,61,851
(b) Trade payables (Refer note 28)		4,49,31,786	3,28,89,662 8,59,19,94,788
(c) Other current liabilities	6	8,34,53,84,875	
(d) Short-term provisions		15,63,55,497 16,41,21,77,946	5,85,00,282 13,67,75,46,583
		54,88,76,90,184	46,93,30,44,079
Total		54,68,70,50,184	40,53,30,44,075
II.Assets			÷
(1) Non-current assets			52
(a) Fixed assets	9		
(i) Tangible assets		6,92,19,952	3,02,14,999
(ii) Intangible assets		1,87,92,388	28,75,903
(iii) Capital work in progress			44,25,799
(b) Non-current investments	10	63,03,11,205	-
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)	11	16,36,46,726	10,30,19,162
(d) Long term loans and advances	12	39,33,09,07,722 40,21,28,77,993	30,99,24,79,887 31,13,30,15,750
		40,22,20,77,555	
(2) Current assets		CE 40 00 740	2 50 50 02 720
(a) Cash and bank balances	14	65,12,98,742	3,59,60,92,729
(b) Current investments	15	1,23,93,71,782	-
(c) Short-term loans and advances	12	12,27,53,51,589	11,84,65,30,567
(d) Other current assets	13	50,87,90,078	35,74,05,033
		14,67,48,12,191	15,80,00,28,329
Total	2.1	54,88,76,90,184	46,93,30,44,079

Significant Accounting Policies The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

### For S R Batliboi & Co LLP

ICAI Firm Registration No. 301003E/E300005 Chartered Accountants

For the

per Jayesh Gandhi Partner Membership No. 37924



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IndoStar Capital Finance Limited

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R. Sridhar Executive Vice-Chairman & CEO DIN: 00136697

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Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai Date: May 12, 2017

Dhanpal Jhaveri Director DIN: 02018124

Jitendra Bhati Company Secretary



### INDOSTAR CAPITAL FINANCE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

	(Amount in				
Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016		
Income					
Revenue from operations	16	7,19,17,71,048	6,43,99,62,705		
Other income	17	74,02,030	5,39,128		
Total		7,19,91,73,078	6,44,05,01,833		
Expenditure					
Employee benefit expenses	18	48,18,98,175	39,45,01,996		
Finance cost	19	3,11,84,94,881	2,89,25,90,633		
Depreciation and amortisation	9	1,87,77,500	51,32,309		
Other expenses	20	22,63,21,873	18,23,87,138		
Provisions for standard assets and NPA	21	12,32,80,817	3,38,18,664		
Total		3,96,87,73,246	3,50,84,30,740		
Profit before taxation		3,23,03,99,832	2,93,20,71,093		
Provision for taxation		1,18,30,73,074	1,03,34,99,106		
Current tax Deferred tax		(6,06,27,564)	(1,78,47,351)		
Total tax expense		1,12,24,45,510	1,01,56,51,755		
Net profit after taxes		2,10,79,54,322	1,91,64,19,338		
Earnings per share	22				
Basic (Rs.)		28.69	26.75		
Diluted (Rs.)		26.31	26.41		
Nominal value of equity share (Rs.)		10	10		

Significant Accounting Policies The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

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As per our report of even date

For S R Batliboi & Co LLP ICAI Firm Registration No. 301003E/E300005 Chartered Accountants

B0180 MUMBAI per Jayesh Gandhi Partner Membership No. 37924

Place: Mumbai Date: May 12, 2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IndoStar Capital Finance Limited

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R. Sridhar Executive Vice-Chairman & CEO DIN: 00136697

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Pankaj Thapar Chief Financial Officer

Dhanpal Jhaveri Director DIN: 02018124

Jitendra Bhati

Jitendra Bhati Company Secretary



### INDOSTAR CAPITAL FINANCE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before taxes	3,23,03,99,832	2,93,20,71,093
Depreciation and amortisation	1,87,77,500	51,32,309
Loss / (profit) on sale of fixed assets (net)	85,501	21,409
Provisions for non performing assets	8,78,24,670	6,15,025
Provisions for standard assets	3,54,56,147	3,32,03,639
Provision for gratuity	21,29,200	8,40,733
Provision for leave encashment	11,25,008	7,52,547
Operating profit before working capital changes	3,37,57,97,858	2,97,26,36,755
Movements in working capital:		
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	1,20,42,124	1,35,62,163
Increase / (decrease) in the payables	(27,69,18,399)	1,40,45,11,539
(Increase) / Decrease in loans and advances	(8,76,72,53,206)	(8,91,84,30,073)
(Increase) / Decrease in other assets	(15,13,85,045)	14,23,64,555
Cash generated from operations	(5,80,77,16,668)	(4,38,53,55,061
	(1,08,84,11,330)	(1,04,16,88,943)
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(6,89,61,27,998)	(5,42,70,44,004)
Net cash flow from / used in operating activities (A)	(0,03,01,27,550)	(3,42,10,44,004
3. Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of fixed including intangible assets	(6,94,24,823)	(2,95,35,349
Increase in Capital work in progress	-	(44,25,799
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	70,529	2,359
Investment in Preference Shares	(3,99,75,250)	-
Investment in Pass through certificates	(90,90,91,390)	
Repayments from fixed income debt instruments	-	54,60,00,000
Investments in Mutual Fund units	(92,06,16,347)	-
Bank deposits (having original maturity of more than three months)(net)		2,65,50,00,000
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(1,93,90,37,281)	3,16,70,41,211
C. Cash Flows from financing activities	E 00 73 700	4,98,93,893
Proceeds from issue of Equity Share Capital	5,00,73,700	59,94,52,845
Proceeds from Securities Premium on issue of Equity Share Capital	1,45,14,91,503	59,94,52,845 43,038
Forfeiture of Equity Shares		
Amount raised from short term borrowings	2,87,13,43,937	1,55,49,46,026
Term loans from banks	21,84,42,472	2,34,41,979
Amount received on issue of NCDs	1,29,90,19,681	1,42,68,58,584
Net cash from financing activities (C)	5,89,03,71,293	3,65,46,36,365
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	(2,94,47,93,986)	1,39,46,33,572
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	3,51,60,92,728	2,12,14,59,156
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	57,12,98,742	3,51,60,92,728
	For the year ended	For the year ended
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year		
i) Cheque on hand	-	4,16,569
ii) Cash on hand	27,486	52,986
ii) Balances with scheduled banks in:		
Current accounts	46,92,71,256	94,01,73,173
Deposits with original maturity of less than three months	10,20,00,000	2,57,54,50,000
Total cash and cash equivalents	57,12,98,742	3,51,60,92,728

As per our report of even date



Place: Mumbai Date: May 12, 2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IndoStar Capital Finance Limited

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R. Sridhar Executive Vice-Chairman & CEO DIN: 00136697

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Pankaj Thapar Chief Financial Officer

Dhanpal haveri Director DIN: 02018124

Jitendra Bhati **Company Secretary** 



### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

### 1. Basis of preparation

The Consolidated financial statements relates to M/s. IndoStar Capital Finance Limited (the company), its subsidiary companies. The company, its subsidiary companies constitute the group. The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles to comply in all material respects with the notified Accounting Standards ('AS') under provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as applicable to a Non Banking Finance Company ('NBFC'). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis. The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the group and are consistent with those used in the previous year. The complete financial statements have been prepared along with all disclosures.

### 2. Basis of Consolidation

- i. The financial statements of the subsidiary companies used in the consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting date as of the company i.e. year ended March 31, 2017 and are prepared based on the accounting policies consistent with those used by the company.
- ii. The financial statements of the group have been prepared in accordance with the AS 21- 'Consolidated Financial Statements' in consolidated financial statements, notified under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') and other generally accepted accounting principles in India.
- iii The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis :
  - 1 The financial statements of the company and its subsidiary companies have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The intra-group balances and intra-group transactions have been fully eliminated except where losses are realised.
  - 2 The excess of cost to the company of its investments in the subsidiary companies over its share of equity of the subsidiary companies, at the dates on which the investments in the subsidiary companies are made, is recognised as 'Goodwill' being an asset in the consolidated financial statements. Alternatively, where the share of equity in the subsidiary companies as on the date of investment is in excess of cost of investment of the company, it is recognised as 'Capital Reserve' and shown under the head 'Reserves and Surplus', in the consolidated financial statements.
  - 3 Minority interest, if any, in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries consists of the amount of equity attributable to the minority shareholders at the dates on which investments are made by the company in the subsidiary companies and further movements in their share in the equity, subsequent to the dates of investments as stated above.
- iv. The subsidiary company IndoStar Asset Advisory Private Limited (IAAPL) and IndoStar Home Finance Private Limited (IHFPL) are 100% subsidiaries of IndoStar Capital Finance Limited and same is considered for preparation of consolidated financial statements.

### 2.1 Significant Accounting Policies

### (a) Presentation and disclosure of financial statements

The Company has classified all its assets / liabilities into current / non-current portion based on the time frame of twelve months from the date of financial statements. Accordingly, assets / liabilities expected to be realised / settled within twelve months from the date of financials statements are classified as current and other assets / liabilities are classified as non current.

### (b) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates. Any revisions to the accounting estimates are recognised prospectively in the current and future years.

### (c) Tangible/Intangible Fixed Assets, Depreciation/Amortisation and Impairment

### **Tangible Fixed Assets**

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Borrowing costs relating to acquisition of fixed assets which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the year till such assets are ready to be put to use.

### Depreciation on tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on Straight Line Method ('SLM'), which reflects the management's estimate of the useful life of the respective fixed assets and are greater than or equal to the corresponding useful life prescribed in Schedule II of the Act. The estimated useful life used are as follows:

Particulars	Estimated useful life by the Company	Useful life as prescribed by Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013
Furniture and Fixtures	5 Years	10 Years
Office Equipments	5 Years	5 Years
Office Equipments - Mobiles	2 Years	5 Years
Computers	3 Years	3 Years
Servers and networks	5 Years	6 Years

Useful life of assets different from prescribed in Schedule II has been estimated by management and supported by technical assessment.

Leasehold improvement is amortised on Straight Line Method over the lease term. Depreciation on assets acquired/sold during the year is recognised on a pro-rata basis to the Statement of profit and loss till the date of sale.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of fixed assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.





### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

### Intangible assets

Costs relating to acquisition and development of computer software are capitalized in accordance with the AS 26 'Intangible Assets' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') and are amortised using the straight line method over a period of 3 years, which is the management's estimate of its useful life.

### Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the assets, net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life. A previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However, the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation if there was no impairment.

### (d) Investments

Investments intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. Commercial papers are valued at carrying cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the investments. Unquoted investments in units of mutual funds are stated at net asset value. On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

### (e) Provisioning / Write-off of assets

Non performing loans are written off / provided as per the minimum provision required under the Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated September 01, 2016 ('RBI Master Directions, 2016'). Pursuant to the RBI Master Directions, 2016, the Company has revised its recognition norms of Non-Performing Assets (NPA) from 150 days to 120 days.

Provision on standard assets is made as per management estimates and is more than as specified in the RBI Master Directions, 2016.

### (f) Loans

Loans are stated at the amount advanced and expenses recoverable, as reduced by the amounts received up to the balance sheet date.

### (g) Leases

### Where the Company is the lessee

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### (h) Foreign currency translation Initial recognition

Transactions in foreign currency entered into during the year are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

### Conversion

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated in to Rupees at exchange rate prevailing on the date of the Balance Sheet.

### Exchange differences

All exchange differences are dealt with in the Statement of profit and loss account.

### (i) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

- i. Income from financing and investing activities is recognised on accrual basis, except in case of income on non-performing assets, which is recognised on receipt basis.
- ii Interest income on fixed income debt instruments such as certificate of deposits, non-convertible debentures and commercial papers are recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the effective rate applicable. Discount, if any, is recognised on a time proportion basis over the tenure of the securities.
- iii Interest income on fixed deposits is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.
- iv Interest income on loan portfolio buyout is recognised on accrual basis at the agreed rate of interest on the diminishing balance of outstanding loan.
- v Dividend is recognised as income when right to receive payment is established.
- vi Profit/loss on the sale of investments is determined on the basis of the weighted average cost method.
- vii Origination fees is recognised as income on signing of the binding term sheet by the client. Part of the origination fees is recognised upfront based on the management estimate and the balance fee is amortised over the tenure of the loan.
- viii Management fees are recognised on accrual basis as per the terms of the agreement.
- ix Syndication fee and other fees are recognised as income when a significant portion of the arrangement is completed.

### Retirement and other employee benefits

### **Provident Fund**

All the employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the Provident Fund, a defined contribution plan in which both the employee and the Company contribute monthly at a stipulated rate. The Company has no liability for future Provident Fund benefits other than its annual contribution and recognises such contributions as an expense in the year it is incurred.





(i)

### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

### Gratuity

The Company provides for the gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering all employees. The plan provides for lump sum payments to employees upon death while in employment or on separation from employment after serving for the stipulated year mentioned under 'The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972'. The Company accounts for liability of future gratuity benefits based on an external actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method carried out for assessing liability as at the reporting date.

### Leave Encashment

Short term compensated absences are provided for based on estimates. Long term compensated absences are provided for based on actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation is done as per projected unit credit method as at the reporting date.

Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to Statement of profit and loss account and are not deferred.

### (k) Income tax

Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred income taxes reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

The carrying cost of the deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The Company writes down the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realised. Any such write down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realised. Any such write down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

### (I) Segment reporting

The Company is engaged in loan / financing activities. It operates in a single business and geographical segment.

### (m) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### (n) Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

### (o) Referral Fees

Referral fees expenses to the distributors is amortised over the term of fund.

### (p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand, cheques on hand, remittances in transit.

### (q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and are charged to Profit & Loss in the year in which they are incurred. Ancillary and other borrowing costs are amortised over the tenure of the underlying loan on straight line basis.

### (r) Employee stock compensation costs

Measurement and disclosure of the employee share-based payment plans is done in accordance with Securities And Exchange Board Of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 and the Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments, issued by ICAI. In accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments, the cost of equity-settled transactions is measured using the intrinsic value method.

### (s) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.





### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

Note 3- Share capital		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Authorised 9,00,00,000 (March 31, 2016: 8,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	90,00,00,000	80,00,00,000
	90,00,00,000	80,00,00,000
Issued & Subscribed Equity Shares		
78,361,799 (March 31, 2016: 73,354,429) Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid		
up	78,36,17,990	73,35,44,290
Total	78,36,17,990	73,35,44,290

### Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at end of reporting period.

a. Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at end o	As at Marc	h 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	
Particulars	Numbers of shares	Amount in Rupees	Numbers of shares	Amount in Rupees
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	7,33,54,429	73,35,44,290	7,76,58,197	68,62,89,853
ssued during the year	50,07,370	5,00,73,700	-	-
	7,83,61,799	78,36,17,990	7,76,58,197	68,62,89,853
Add: call money received on 4,734,482 partly paid shares @ 9.99 per share Less: 4,303,768 shares Rs.0.01 paid up per share forfeited on non- payment of	-			4,72,97,475
call money			(43,03,768)	(43,038)
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	7,83,61,799	78,36,17,990	7,33,54,429	73,35,44,290

### b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to proportionate vote on basis of his contribution to fully paid up share capital.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the proportionate amount of contribution made by the equity shareholder to the total equity share capital.

### c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	As at Mar	ch 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	
Name of the shareholders	No. of Shares	% holding in the class	No. of Shares	% holding in the class
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each Indostar Capital (Mauritius) (Holding Company)	7,11,02,635	90.74	7,13,69,635	97.30

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members, the above shareholding represents legal ownerships of shares.

### d. Shares reserved for issue under options

For details of shares reserved for issue under the employee stock option (ESOP) plan of the company, please refer note 24.





### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

### Note 4- Reserves and Surplus

Note 4- Reserves and Surplus	(Amount in Rupees)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Securities Premium Account		
Balance as per last account	8,79,52,66,108	8,22,71,28,268
Add: Received during the period	1,45,14,91,503	56,81,37,840
Closing balance	10,24,67,57,611	8,79,52,66,108
Other Reserves		
Statutory reserve pursuant to Section 45-IC of The RBI Act, 1934		
Balance as per last account	1,19,10,45,902	80,90,14,794
Add: Transfer from surplus balance in statement of profit and loss	41,80,75,629	38,20,31,108
Closing balance	1,60,91,21,531	1,19,10,45,902
Statutory Reserve pursuant to Section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987		
Balance as per last account	-	-
Add: Transfer from surplus balance in statement of profit and loss	8,52,652	-
Closing balance	8,52,652	-
Capital Reserve (4,303,768 shares Rs.0.01 paid up per share forfeited on non-		
payment of call money and amount received transferred)	43,038	43,038
Closing balance	43,038	43,038
Surplus in Statement of profit and loss		
Balance as per last account	4,69,81,21,656	3,16,37,33,423
Add: Profit for the current year	2,10,79,54,322	1,91,64,19,341
Less: Appropriations		
Transfer to statutory reserve as per Section 45-IC of The RBI Act, 1934	(41,80,75,629)	(38,20,31,108)
Transfer to statutory reserve as per Section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act,	2001 SPANDON PROCESSION	
1987	(8,52,652)	
Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss	6,38,71,47,697	4,69,81,21,656
Total	18,24,39,22,529	14,68,44,76,704





NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

Particulars	As at Mar	rch 31, 2017	As at Mar	rch 31, 2016
Particulars	Non Current portion	Current maturities*	Non Current portion	Current maturities*
Term loans from banks				
Secured	9,81,49,36,127	4,83,90,44,441	9,59,64,93,655	4,92,57,19,985
Redeemable non convertible debentures				
Secured	9,29,11,84,186	1,92,22,73,237	7,99,21,64,505	2,50,00,00,000
Less: transferred to Other liabilities	-	(6,76,13,17,678)	-	(7,42,57,19,985
Total	19,10,61,20,313		17,58,86,58,160	

\*Amount disclosed under the head 'Other liabilities'

### (a) Term loan from banks:

Particulars - Bank Name	Rate of interest	Repayment details	As at Mar	rch 31, 2017	As at Marc	h 31, 2016
Particulars - Bank Name	Rate of Interest	Repayment details	Non-Current portion	Current Maturities	Non-Current portion	<b>Current Maturities</b>
Axis Bank Limited- TL II	>=8.75%<10.75%	13-Quarterly repayments	-		15,38,46,154	30,76,92,308
Axis Bank Limited - TL III	>=8.75%<10.75%	13-Quarterly repayments	-	•	24,61,53,846	12,30,76,924
Bank of Baroda Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	16-Quarterly repayments	-	25,00,00,000	25,00,00,000	25,00,00,000
Bank of Baroda Limited - TL II	>=8.75%<10.75%	20-Quarterly repayments	30,00,00,000	20,00,00,000	50,00,00,000	20,00,00,000
Bank of India Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	16-Quarterly repayments	-	37,50,00,000	37,50,00,000	37,50,00,000
Canara Bank Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments		-	-	33,36,00,000
Canara Bank Limited - TL II	>=8.75%<10.75%	8 - Half yearly repayments	43,75,00,000	6,25,00,000		
Corporation Bank Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	-	•	-	5,00,00,000
Corporation Bank Limited - TL II	>=8.75%<10.75%	9 - Half yearly repayments	13,33,33,335	6,66,66,666	20,00,00,001	6,66,66,666
Dena Bank	>=8.75%<10.75%	8 - Half yearly repayments	37,50,00,000	12,50,00,000	15,00,00,000	
Dena Bank - TL II	>=8.75%<10.75%	8 - Half yearly repayments	43,75,00,000	6,25,00,000	•	•
Federal Bank Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	-			8,33,33,332
Federal Bank Limited - TL II	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	-		2,49,96,668	3,33,33,332
Federal Bank Limited - TL III	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	33,33,33,332	26,66,66,668		
ICICI Bank Limited - II	>=8.75%<10.75%	10-Quarterly repayments	-	30,00,00,000	30,00,00,000	40,00,00,000
IDBI Bank Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	18 - Quarterly repayments	24,99,99,998	11,11,11,112	36,11,11,110	11,11,11,112
IDBI Bank Limited - II	>=8.75%<10.75%	16-Quarterly repayments	43,75,00,000	6,25,00,000	¥	•
Indian Overseas Bank Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	18-Quarterly repayments	22,22,22,221	22,22,22,223	44,44,44,444	22,22,22,223
IndusInd Bank Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	-	-	-	7,50,00,000
IndusInd Bank Limited - TL II	>=8.75%<10.75%	10-Quarterly repayments		-	3,00,00,000	12,00,00,000
ING Vysya Bank Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	-			4,16,66,667
ING Vysya Bank Limited - TL III	>=8.75%<10.75%	20-Quarterly repayments	37,50,00,000	20,00,00,000	57,50,00,000	20,00,00,000
Indian Bank	>=8.75%<10.75%	8 - Half yearly repayments	25,00,00,000	*	•	
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited- TL II	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	-			8,33,33,334
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited - TL III	>=8.75%<10.75%	16-Quarterly repayments	18,75,00,000	25,00,00,000	43,75,00,000	25,00,00,000
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited - TL IV	>=8.75%<10.75%	16-Quarterly repayments	56,25,00,000	25,00,00,000		
Punjab National Bank Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	-			13,33,36,924
Punjab National Bank - II	>=8.75%<10.75%	16-Quarterly repayments	34,37,50,000	13,75,00,000	48,12,50,000	6,87,50,000
SIDBI	>=8.75%<10.75%	20-Quarterly repayments	1,20,00,00,000	30,00,00,000		
South Indian Bank Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	18-Quarterly repayments	11,11,11,120	5,55,55,552	16,66,66,672	5,55,55,552
South Indian Bank - II	>=8.75%<10.75%	16-Quarterly repayments	17,18,75,000	6,25,00,000	23,43,75,000	1,56,25,000
State Bank of Bikaner and Jaipur Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	-	-	16,425	16,66,66,667
State Bank of Bikaner and Jaipur Limited - II	>=8.75%<10.75%	8 - Half yearly repayments	56,25,00,000	18,75,00,000	75,00,00,000	
State Bank of Hyderabad Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	-			8,33,33,279
State Bank of Hyderabad Limited - II	>=8.75%<10.75%	18-Quarterly repayments	61,11,11,121	22,22,22,220	83,33,33,335	16,66,66,665
State Bank of Hyderabad Limited - III	>=8.75%<10.75%	8 - Half yearly repayments	37,50,00,000	12,50,00,000	-	-
State Bank of India Limited - TL II	>=8.75%<10.75%	18-Quarterly repayments	99,99,00,000	44,44,00,000	1,44,43,00,000	44,44,00,000
State Bank of Mysore Limited	>=8.75%<10.75%	12-Quarterly repayments	-	-		2,06,50,000
State Bank of Mysore Limited - TL II	>=8.75%<10.75%	9 - Half yearly repayments	24,99,00,000	16,66,00,000	41,65,00,000	16,67,00,000
State Bank of Mysore Limited - TL III	>=8.75%<10.75%	9 - Half yearly repayments	33,32,00,000	11,12,00,000	44,44,00,000	5,56,00,000
State Bank of Patiala - II	>=8.75%<10.75%	9 - Half yearly repayments	55,52,00,000	22,24,00,000	77,76,00,000	22,24,00,000
Total			9,81,49,36,127	4,83,90,44,441	9,59,64,93,655	4,92,57,19,985

### Nature of Security:

First pari-passu (with banks and financial institutions providing credit facilities to the Issuer) charge by way of hypothecation on the standard asset portfolio of receivable of Rs. 25,302,507,900/- (March 2016 Rs. 23,144,053,552/-)

b) Non Convertible Debenture Privately placed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures of Rs. 10,00,000/- each Terms of repayment as on March 31, 2017

Redeemable within	As at Mar	ch 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016 Rate of Interest			
	Rate of	finterest				
	>= 0% -	>= 0% < 11.55%		>= 0% < 12.25%		
	Non-Current portion	Current Maturities	Non-Current portion	<b>Current Maturities</b>		
0-12 Months	2	1,92,22,73,237		2,50,00,00,000		
12-24 Months	4,07,16,76,465	-	1,76,08,36,605	-		
24-36 Months	3,56,95,07,721	-	3,73,13,27,900			
36-48 Months	1,00,00,00,000		1,35,00,00,000	-		
48-60 Months	50,00,000	-	1,00,00,00,000			
Above 60 Months	15,00,00,000	-	15,00,00,000			
Total	9,29,11,84,186	1,92,22,73,237	7,99,21,64,505	2,50,00,00,000		

### Nature of Security:

1. Security is created in favour of the Debenture Trustee, as follows:

(i) first pari-passu (with banks and financial institutions providing credit facilities to the Issuer) charge on by way of hypothecation on the standard asset portfolio of receivables of Rs 11,932,020,000/- (March 2016: Rs 11,654,260,000); and

(ii) first party passu charge on immovable property situated at village Maharajpura of Kadi taluka, Mehsana district, Gujarat
 Debentures may be bought back subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, upon the terms and conditions as may be decided by the Company.





Danelinulara	As at March 3	As at March 3	31, 2016	
Particulars	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
Unamortised fees	7,23,70,201	4,80,48,029	10,26,78,687	7,60,40,637
Interest accrued but not due on loans	-	76,15,03,118	-	74,17,57,195
Current maturities of long term debts (Refer note 5)		6,76,13,17,678	-	7,42,57,19,985
Book Overdraft	-	51,08,02,280	-	17,81,11,795
Employee benefits payable	· · ·	16,83,58,844	-	15,37,41,500
Other liabilities (includes statutory liabilities)	-	9,53,54,926		1,66,23,676
Total	7,23,70,201	8,34,53,84,875	10,26,78,687	8,59,19,94,788

Dentiedans	As at March 3	1, 2017	As at March 3	1, 2016
Particulars	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
For employee benefit				
For gratuity	22,25,327	17,48,794	4,14,975	14,29,946
For leave encashment and availment	33,37,515	6,77,862	25,89,610	3,00,759
For Others				
For non-performing assets	10,78,24,670	-	2,00,00,000	-
For standard assets	15,60,93,693	5,09,68,235	12,31,35,070	4,84,70,711
For income tax (net of advance tax)		10,29,60,606	-	82,98,866
Total	26,94,81,205	15,63,55,497	14,61,39,655	5,85,00,282





Note 8- Short term borrowing	(Amount in Rupees)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Secured Loan Bank overdraft	94,74,72,808	1,08,86,73,837
Unsecured Loan Commercial papers i) From banks ii) Other than banks Less: Unamortised discount	50,00,00,000 6,55,00,00,000 (13,19,67,020)	
Total	6,91,80,32,980 7,86,55,05,788	3,90,54,88,014 4,99,41,61,851





INDOSTAR CAPITAL FINANCE LIMITED	
NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017	

Note 9- Fixed assets		Tangible Assets						
Particulars	Land - Freehold	Computers	Office Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Leasehold Improvement	Total	Software	Total Assets
Gross Block								
As at March 31, 2015	15,05,100	69,60,258	27,15,296	28,93,178	1,64,53,451	3,05,27,283	32,59,044	3,37,86,327
Additions	-	92,48,797	20,16,017	12,80,518	1,53,19,058	2,78,64,390	16,70,959	2,95,35,349
Deletions	-	-	4,25,563	1,39,813		5,65,376		5,65,376
As at March 31, 2016	15,05,100	1,62,09,055	43,05,750	40,33,883	3,17,72,509	5,78,26,297	49,30,003	6,27,56,300
Additions	-	2,23,62,356	59,49,401	5,18,507	1,98,69,320	4,86,99,584	2,51,51,038	7,38,50,622
Deletions	-	2,09,487	3,52,799	-	-	5,62,286	-	5,62,286
As at March 31, 2017	15,05,100	3,83,61,924	99,02,352	45,52,390	5,16,41,829	10,59,63,595	3,00,81,041	13,60,44,636
Depreciation								
As at March 31, 2015		44,55,561	15,23,293	17,66,539	1,64,53,451	2,41,98,844	8,75,853	2,50,74,697
Additions		21,83,366	8,09,531	6,11,450	3,49,715	39,54,062	11,78,247	51,32,309
Deletions		-	4,20,424	1,21,184	-	5,41,608	•	5,41,608
As at March 31, 2016		66,38,927	19,12,400	22,56,805	1,68,03,166	2,76,11,298	20,54,100	2,96,65,398
Additions		43,59,234	12,63,046	6,59,214	32,61,453	95,42,947	92,34,553	1,87,77,500
Deletions	1	1,09,133	3,01,469	-	-	4,10,602		4,10,602
As at March 31, 2017		1,08,89,028	28,73,977	29,16,019	2,00,64,619	3,67,43,643	1,12,88,653	4,80,32,296
Net Block								
As at March 31, 2017	15,05,100	2,74,72,896	70,28,375	16,36,371	3,15,77,210	6,92,19,952	1,87,92,388	8,80,12,340
As at March 31, 2016	15,05,100	95,70,128	23,93,350	17,77,078	1,49,69,343	3,02,14,999	28,75,903	3,30,90,902





	1	As at March 31, 2	2017	A	s at March 31,	2016
Particulars	Face value	Quantity	Amount	Face value	Quantity	Amount
Jnquoted - Compulsorily Convertible Preference Share GC Web Ventures Private Limited	150	862	3,99,75,250	-	-	
Other Investments Pass through certificates - Firefinch CV IFMR Capital 2017	1	59,03,35,955	59,03,35,955	2	•	3
rotal		59,03,36,817	63,03,11,205		-	
Aggregate Value of Quoted Investments Cost of acquisition Market value						





### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

Note 11- Deferred tax assets (net)		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2017	2016
Deferred tax asset created during the year		
Fixed asset: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation		
/amortization charged for financial reporting period	(13,04,539)	29,46,027
Provision for standard assets	7,16,59,992	5,93,89,329
Origination fees unamortised	4,16,74,341	6,17,77,148
Provision for gratuity	13,75,364	6,38,490
Provision for leave encashment	13,89,642	10,00,299
Interest on the NPA Loans not accrued in books	3,20,73,135	-
Provision for non performing assets	3,73,15,962	69,21,600
Total (A)	18,41,83,897	13,26,72,893
Deferred tax liability created during the year		
Borrowing costs unamortised	(2,05,37,171)	(2,96,53,731)
Total (B)	(2,05,37,171)	(2,96,53,731)
Net deferred tax asset (A-B)	16,36,46,726	10,30,19,162





	As at March	31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016		
Particulars	Non Current portion	Current portion	Non Current portion	Current portion	
Unsecured, considered good					
Security Deposits					
Unsecured, considered good	2,55,07,954	-	1,90,92,566		
Secured, considered good					
Hypothecation loans	22,60,27,78,828	3,15,65,85,191	17,88,10,82,511	4,51,44,88,179	
Debentures	14,01,39,86,170	2,64,88,94,750	12,90,26,75,148	1,45,26,25,594	
Short term loans	-	5. <b>7</b> .5	-	1,00,00,00,000	
Secured, considered doubtful					
Hypothecation loans	72,73,35,794	24	10,00,00,000	-	
Unsecured, considered good					
Hypothecation loans		75,00,00,000		-	
Debentures	1,90,00,00,000	65,00,00,000	-		
Short term loans	-	5,00,00,00,000		4,80,00,00,000	
Unsecured, considered good					
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received		1,30,15,691		1,89,42,112	
Prepaid expenses	6,12,98,976	5,29,59,389	8,96,29,662	5,58,26,021	
Service tax (Including Input credit)	-	38,96,568	•	46,48,661	
Total	39,33,09,07,722	12,27,53,51,589	30,99,24,79,887	11,84,65,30,567	

Particulars	As at March	As at March 31, 2017		
	Non Current portion	Current portion	Non Current portion	Current portion
nterest accrued but not due on loans	-	50,64,37,790	-	35,07,74,068
nterest accrued on fixed deposits with banks		23,52,288	÷	66,30,965
Total		50,87,90,078	-	35,74,05,033





### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

Notes 14- Cash and bank balances		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Cash and cash equivalents i) Cash on hand	27,486	52,986
<ul> <li>ii) Balances with scheduled banks in: Current accounts Deposits with original maturity of less than three months</li> <li>iii) Cheque on hand</li> </ul>	46,92,71,256 10,20,00,000 -	94,01,73,173 2,57,54,50,000 4,16,569
Other bank balances Deposits with original maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months	8,00,00,000	8,00,00,000
Total	65,12,98,742	3,59,60,92,728





Note 15 - Current investments				nount in Rupees)	
	As at Mar	ch 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016		
Particulars	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount	
Investments in Mutual funds: (At Net Asset Value)					
Kotak Liquid Scheme - Plan A - DDR	7,52,869.49	92,06,16,347	-	-	
Other Investments					
Pass through certificates - Venus SBL IFMR Capital 2017	31,87,55,435	31,87,55,435	-	-	
Total		1,23,93,71,782		-	





### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

Note 16- Revenue from operations		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
Interest income on:		
- Loan portfolio and related charges	6,32,01,67,059	5,34,50,95,632
- Deposits with banks	11,34,76,030	23,68,34,368
- Investments in PTCs	22,05,963	-
- Fixed income debt instruments	-	6,20,85,818
Other financial services:		
- Origination fees	67,37,45,817	68,12,93,336
- Syndication & other fees	8,17,96,417	11,46,53,551
- Gain on sale of loan assets	3,79,762	-
Total	7,19,17,71,048	6,43,99,62,705

### Note 17- Other income

Note 17- Other income		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
Dividend income	24,19,511	5,37,221
Profit on Sale of Investments	36,96,979	
Miscellaneous income	12,85,540	1,907
Total	74,02,030	5,39,128

### Note 18- Employee henefit expenses

Note 18- Employee benefit expenses		(Amount in Rupees)	
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	
Salaries, other allowances and bonus	46,52,34,052	38,36,73,813	
Gratuity expenses	33,79,200	8,40,733	
Leave encashment	16,01,969	8,21,401	
Contribution to provident and other funds	88,20,780	70,61,065	
Staff welfare expenses	28,62,174	21,04,984	
Total	48,18,98,175	39,45,01,996	

### Note 19- Finance cost

Note 19- Finance cost		(Amount in Rupees)	
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	
Interest expense on			
Debentures	1,15,11,45,848	97,11,08,012	
Deposits from clients	-	11,16,386	
Loans from banks	1,55,54,98,046	1,60,87,01,293	
Commercial paper	31,53,54,966	22,56,49,689	
Other borrowing costs			
Processing charges on loans	4,47,77,143	5,03,73,481	
Bank charges & other related costs	5,17,18,878	3,56,41,772	
Total	3,11,84,94,881	2,89,25,90,633	





Note 20- Other expenses		(Amount in Rupees)	
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	
Rent	3,95,34,426	2,32,02,144	
Rates & taxes	42,25,795	81,84,545	
Printing and stationery	13,26,126	14,04,742	
Travelling & conveyance	84,27,422	74,48,621	
Advertisement	5,81,613	5,21,447	
Business Promotion	26,01,314	24,53,734	
Conference charges	59,146	3,51,604	
Commission & brokerage	4,81,48,161	2,75,55,862	
Office expenses	2,25,18,596	2,05,02,939	
Directors' sitting fees	21,56,050	48,78,483	
Insurance	21,98,943	15,26,366	
Communication expenses	36,49,609	21,40,919	
Payment to auditor			
- Audit fees	43,38,233	37,08,556	
- Tax audit fees	3,76,250	3,21,750	
- Certification	7,26,000	3,48,563	
Loss on sale of loan assets		78,95,700	
CSR expenses	1,63,90,052	1,25,00,000	
Legal & professional charges	6,65,97,224	5,51,15,549	
Loss on sale of fixed assets (net)	85,501	21,409	
Membership & subscriptions	23,81,412	23,04,205	
Total	22,63,21,873	18,23,87,138	

### Note 21- Provisions for standard assets and NPA

Note 21- Provisions for standard assets and NPA		(Amount in Rupees)	
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	
Provision for standard assets	3,54,56,147	3,32,03,639	
Provision for non-performing assets	8,78,24,670	6,15,025	
Total	12,32,80,817	3,38,18,664	





Note 22- Earnings per share	(Amount in Rupees except for no. of equity shares)		
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	
Net Profit after tax as per Statement of profit and loss (Amount in Rupees) (A)	2,10,79,54,322	1,91,64,19,338	
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Basic EPS (B)	7,34,81,031	7,16,41,552	
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Diluted EPS (C)	8,01,19,592	7,25,33,552	
Basic earnings per equity share (in Rupees) (Face value of Rs. 10/- per share) (A) / (B)	28.69	26.75	
Diluted earnings per equity share (in Rupees) (Face value of Rs. 10/- per share) (A) / (C)	26.31	26.41	

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016	
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Basic EPS	7,34,81,031	7,16,41,552	
Add: Weighted number of equity shares under options	66,38,561	8,92,000	
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating Diluted EPS	8,01,19,592	7,25,33,552	





### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

### Note 23 - Gratuity and other post-employment benefit plans:

The Company has an funded defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is eligible for a gratuity on separation at 15 days basic salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service.

Based on AS 15 'Employee Benefits' notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, the following disclosures have been made as required by the standard:

### Profit and loss account

Net employee benefit expense (recognized in employee cost)		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
Current service cost Interest cost on benefit obligation Expected return on plan assets Net actuarial (gain) / loss recognised in the year	14,29,946 3,89,148 (3,01,012) 8,61,118	14,96,619 3,17,318 (3,33,616) (6,39,588)
Past service cost Adjustment in respect of interest not credited in the previous year Net benefit expense	23,79,200	8,40,733

**Balance sheet** 

Details of Provision for gratuity	(Amount in Rupees)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	
efined benefit obligation	(65,86,932)	(51,87,432)	
Fair value of plan assets	26,12,811	33,42,511	
Less: Unrecognised past service cost	-		
Plan asset / (liability)	(39,74,121)	(18,44,921)	

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:	(Amount in Ru		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	
Opening defined benefit obligation	51,87,432	40,77,761	
Interest cost	3,89,148	3,17,318	
Current service cost	14,29,946	14,96,619	
Benefits paid	(12,50,000)	-	
Actuarial (gains) / losses on obligation	8,30,406	(7,04,266)	
Closing defined benefit obligation	65,86,932	51,87,432	

The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
the state with the second	26,12,811	33,42,511
Investments with insurer		

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity obligations for the C Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Discount Rate	7.10%	7.809
Increase in compensation cost	6.00%	6.00%

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, are on account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015	As at March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2013
Defined benefit obligation	65,86,932	51,87,432	40,77,761	22,77,797	20,19,308
Plan assets	26,12,811	33,42,511	30,73,573	20,15,432	14,15,180
Surplus / (deficit)	(39,74,121)	(18,44,921)	(10,04,188)	(2,62,365)	(6,04,128)
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	5,39,056	(16,82,888)	26,861	(6,32,462)	(2,08,423)
Experience adjustments on plan assets	30,712	64,678	30,626	12,284	49,041





### Note 24- Employee stock option plans

The company provides share-based employee benefits to the employees of the Company, the Holding Company or Subsidiary Company working in India or outside India, the Director, whether a whole time Director or otherwise; whether in India or outside India, including the Director of the Company, the Holding Company or a Subsidiary Company, such other entities or individuals as may be permitted by Applicable Laws and any of the aforesaid Employees who are on deputation at the request of the Company and During the year ended 31 March 2017, an employee stock option plan (ESOP) was in existence. The relevant details of the scheme and the grant are as below. The Board of Directors approved the share based employee benefits i.e. issue of stock options to the key employees and directors of the company under three schemes viz. ESOP Plan 2015, ESOP Plan 2016 II in their Meetings held on 20 June 2015, 11 April 2016 and 21 September 2015 respectively. According to the Schemes, the employee selected by the Nomination and remuneration committee from time to time will be entitled to options, subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions. The contractual life (comprising the vesting the vesting conditions. The contractual life (comprising the vesting to be set to be prescribed vesting to the Schemes, the employee selected by the Nomination and remuneration committee from time to time will be entitled to options, subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions. The contractual life (comprising the vesting to be set to be according to the Schemes, the employee selected by the Nomination and remuneration committee from time to time will be entitled to options, subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions. The contractual life (comprising the vesting to be set to be according to the Schemes, the employee selected by the Nomination and remuneration committee from time to time will be entitled to options, subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions. The contractual life (comprising the vesting to be according to the Schemes, the employee selected by the Nomination and remuneration committee from time to time will be entitled to options, subject to satisfaction of the prescribed vesting conditions. The contractual life (comprising the vesting to be according to the Schemes, the employee selected by the Nomination contraction contractual life (comprise to the set to be according to the Schemes to be according to the Schemes to the Schemes to be according to the Schemes to be according to the Schemes to the set to be according to the Schemes to be according to the Schemes to be according to the Schemes to be according to th period and the exercise period) of options granted is 5 years.

Other relevant terms of the grant are as follows	Terms
Vesting period	5 years
Exercise period	4 years from the date of vesting
Expected life	5 years
Market price	NIL

# The details of activity under various ESOP Schemes are summarized below:

Particulars ESUP Plan 2 Tranche Date of erant 21-Aur	an zuiz tsi							19102 m 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1910C usid duba			FSOP Plan 2016	
14				TTOT LIGIT 40C3	TTOT URL LOSS	COULTINE TOTA				1	=		=
		Tranche II	Tranche III	Tranche IV	Tranche V	Tranche VI	Tranche I	Tranche II	Tranche III	Tranche I	Tranche II	Tranche IV	Tranche III
	-12	18-Feb-13		14-Aug-13	23-Apr-14	16-May-16	16-May-16	16-May-16	16-May-16	19-Oct-16	04-Nov-16	22-Mar-17	22-Mar-17
otion granted	2,03,000	1,00,000	20,000	10,000	6,66,000	6,02,254	24,98,036	15,000	25,000	23,70,000	20,000	1,50,000	3,67,000
pa	3,400	200			470								
	37,700		20,000	10,000	38,700		2,87,259	1		10,000	•		
ine	1.61,900	C08,66		•	6,26,830	6,02,254	22,10,777	15,000	25,000	23,60,000	20,000	1,50,000	3,67,000
contractual life (in vears)	3.5	4.0	NA	NA	5.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Weighted average fair value of options granted (Rs)	99.63	102.52	91.11	92.16	105.67	82.87	82.87	108.11	90.32	119.65	119.91	139.36	139.36
	140.00	145.00	145.10	147.24	149.37	225.00	225.00	225.00	225.00	255.00	255.00	300.00	300.00

The range of exercise prices for options outstanding at the end of the year was Rs 140.00 to Rs 300.00 (31 March 2016: Rs 140.00 to Rs 149.37).

The Black Scholes valuation model has been used for computing the weighted average fair value considering the following inputs:

Particulars	ESOP Plan 2012 ESOP Plan 2012 ESOP P	ESOP Plan 2012	ian 2012 ESOP Plan 2012 ESOP Plan 2012 ESOP Plan 2012 ESOP Plan 2016 ESOP Plan 2016 ESOP Plan 2016	SOP Plan 2016	ESOP Plan 2016	ESOP Plan 2016- ESOP Plan 2016-	ESOP Plan 2016	ESOP Plan 2016	ESOP Plan 2016- II				
	Tranche I	Tranche II	Tranche III	Tranche IV	Tranche V	Tranche VI	Tranchel	Tranche II	Tranche III	Tranche I	Tranche II	Tranche IV	Tranche III
Dividend vield (%)	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	0%0	%0	0%	%0	%0	%0
Expected volatility	0.5811	0.5765	0.5709	0.5671	0.5733	0.4300	0.4300	0.4200	0.4300	0.4200	0.4200	0.4200	0.4200
Risk-free interest rate	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	7.39%	7.39%	7.64%	7.44%	6.83%	6.88%	6.96%	6.96%
Weighted average share price (Rs)	IIN	IIN	EN	IIN	Nil	Nil	IIN	NII	IN	Nil	Nil	Nil	ĪN
Exercise price (Rs)	140.00	145.00	145.10	147.24	149.37	225.00	225.00	225.00	225.00	255.00	255.00	300.00	300.00
Expected life of options granted in years	4	4	NA	NA	5	3	e	5	4	S	5	5	5

The expected life of the stock is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

The company messures the cost of ESOP using the intrinsic value method. Had the company used the fair value model to determine compensation, its profit after tax and earnings per share as reported would have changed to the amounts indicated below:

Particulars ax as reported ost using the intrinsis value method ost using the fair value method rofit after tax r Share	For the year   For the	For the year
ported g the intrinsic value method g the fair value method er tax	ended March ended March 31. 2017 31. 2016	March 016
g the intrinsic value method g the fair value method er tax	2,10,79,54,322 1,91,64,19,338	1,19,338
g the fair value method er tax	4	
ertax	16,60,09,820 4,31,6	4,31,66,392
	1,94,19,44,502 1,87,32,52,946	,52,946
	28.69	26.75
- Proforma 26.43	26.43	26.15
Diluted		
- As reported 26.31	26.31	26.41
- Proforma 24.24	24.24	25.82





### Note 25 - Related party disclosure

Names of related parties and related party relationships

Holding Company	Indostar Capital (Mauritius)
Key Managerial Personnel	Vimal Bhandari - MD & CEO
	Shailesh Shirali - Wholetime Director

Name of related party & nature of relationship	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
Key managerial personnel			
Vimal Bhandari	Investment in share capital		68,55,138
	Securities premium	-	8,23,44,000
	Remuneration paid*	3,34,63,652	4,84,87,993
	Expenses reimbursed	6,91,660	6,59,267
Shailesh Shirali	Investment in share capital		2,30,53,843
	Securities premium	-	27,69,23,040
	Remuneration paid*	5,21,39,372	4,89,97,036

\*include bonus on accrual basis

Name of related party & nature of relationship	Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Holding Company			
Indostar Capital (Mauritius)	Investment in share capital	71,10,26,350	71,36,96,350
	Securities premium	8,53,23,16,200	8,56,43,56,200
Key managerial personnel			
Vimal Bhandari	Investment in share capital	43,14,580	43,14,580
	Securities premium	5,17,74,960	5,17,74,960
Shailesh Shirali	Investment in share capital	26,36,150	59,69,150
	Securities premium	3,16,33,800	7,16,29,800





### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

Note 26- Contingent liabilities and Commitments		(Amount in Rupees)
Capital and other commitments	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Corporate guarantee given by Company to banks	62,90,80,000	-
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account	-	1,83,47,580
Pending Litigation with Income Tax Authorities	-	2,55,032
Loans sanctioned not yet disbursed	3,12,44,04,852	3,39,25,30,921

### Note 27-Leases

In case of assets taken on lease

The Company has taken various office premises under operating lease. The lease payments recognized in the statement of profit & loss are Rs. 38,510,773 (March 31, 2016: Rs. 2,32,02,144). The non-cancellable operating lease agreements are for a period of 60 months. There are no restrictions imposed by lease arrangements. There are no sub leases.

The future minimum lease payments in respect of non-cancellable operating lease as at the balance sheet date are summarized below :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Minimum Lease Payments:		
Not later than one year	5,22,70,004	3,49,97,101
Later than one year but not later than five years	16,91,09,622	14,15,24,393
Later than five years	•	61,67,535

### Note 28 - Dues to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006

Based on the intimation received by the Company, some of the suppliers have confirmed to be registered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006". Accordingly, the disclosures relating to amounts unpaid as at the year ended together with interest paid /oavable are furnished below:

		(Amount in Rupees
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
The principal amount remaining unpaid to supplier as at the end of the year	-	
The interest due thereon remaining unpaid to supplier as the end of the year		
The amount of interest paid in terms of Section 16, along with the amount of payment made to the supplier beyond the appointment day during the year	,	
The amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without	-	
adding the interest specified under this Act The amount of interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the	-	
small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006		

### Note 29- Disclosures Pursuant to the MCA Notification dated March 30, 2017

Details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period from November 8, 2016 to December 30, 2016 as provided in the Table below:-

Particulars	SBNs	Other denomination	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016		2,644	2,644
(+) Permitted receipts		3,21,836	3,21,836
(-) Permitted payments		(3,16,467)	(3,16,467)
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	-	-	
Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016	-	8,013	8,013

In the ordinary course of business, the loan borrowers of the Company have directly deposited cash amounting to Rs. 14,35,420 as part of their loan repayments in the collection bank accounts of the Company during the period from November 9, 2016 to December 30, 2016. The denomination wise details of which are currently not available with the Company. Accordingly, this amount has not been included in the table above.





### Note 30- Previous years comparative

Previous year / periods figures have been regrouped / rearranged, wherever considered necessary, to conform with Current year / periods presentation.

As per our report of even date

### For S R Batliboi & Co LLP

ICAI Firm Registration No. 301003E/E300005 **Chartered Accountants** 

per Jayesh Gandhi Partner Membership No. 37924



Place: Mumbai Date: May 12, 2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IndoStar Capital Finance Limited

R. Lanc

R. Sridhar Executive Vice-Chairman & CEO DIN: 00136697

Dhanpal Jhaveri Director

DIN: 02018124

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Jitendra Bhati

Company Secretary

Pankaj Thapar Chief Financial Officer



### Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries or associate companies or joint ventures

### Part A Subsidiaries

1	SI. No.	1	2
2	Name of the subsidiary	IndoStar Asset Advisory Private Limited	IndoStar Home Finance Private Limited
3	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	Ξ	
4	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017	1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017
5	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.		INR
6	Share capital	Authorised Capital: INR 10,00,000 Paid Up Capital: INR 100,000	Authorised Capital: INR 10,50,00,000 Paid Up Capital: INR 10,00,00,000
7	Reserves & surplus	INR 1,80,61,417	INR 53,23,267
8	Total Assets	INR 3,54,56,053	INR 10,54,64,593
9	Total Liabilities	INR 3,54,56,053	INR 10,54,64,593
10	Investments	Nil	Nil
11	Turnover	INR 3,72,41,359	-
12	Profit before taxation	INR 1,99,80,099	INR 61,69,698
13	Provision for taxation	INR 66,67,180	INR 19,06,437
14	Profit after taxation	INR 1,33,12,919	INR 42,63,261
15	Proposed Dividend	Nil	Nil
16	Extent of shareholding (in percentage)	100% by IndoStar Capital Finance Limited	100% by IndoStar Capital Finance Limited

Notes:

1. IndoStar Home Finance Private Limited is yet to commence it's Business operations.

2. There were no subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year.

By the Order of the Board of Directors For IndoStar Capital Finance Limited

Rildic

R. Sridhar Executive Vice-Chairman & CEO DIN: 00136697

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Pankai Thapar Chief Financial Officer

Dhanpal Jhaveri Director DIN: 02018124

Jitendra Bhati

Company Secretary

